Staff Report

for the Regular Meeting of the Board of Directors, July 12, 2017

TO: Board of Directors

FROM: Gary D. King PE, PhD, Engineering Manager

Doug Roderick PE, Senior Engineer

DATE: July 3, 2017

SUBJECT: Centennial Reservoir Project – Phase III Geotechnical Investigation

(FATR # 7013) - Informational Item

ENGINEERING

RECOMMENDATION:

Discuss the results of Phase III of the Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation

BACKGROUND:

AECOM has completed Phase III of the preliminary geotechnical investigation for the Centennial Reservoir project. Phase III field work included additional seismic refraction surveys, core borings and geophysical testing located along the axis 2 alignment. AECOM has also developed conceptual design and revised opinion of probable cost.

AECOM staff will make a presentation of the findings/recommendations from the Phase III geotechnical investigation, including conceptual design and revised costs.

Staff will have the final Phase III Preliminary Geotechnical Report available for public review on the project website, www.centennialreservoir.org shortly after the board meeting.

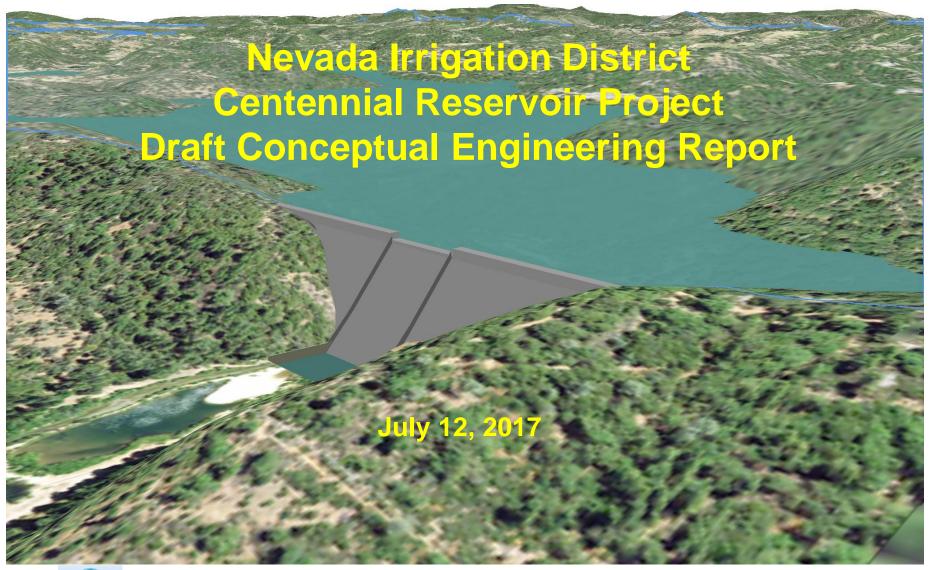
BUDGETARY IMPACT:

None

Attachments:

Power Point Presentation

GDK/DR



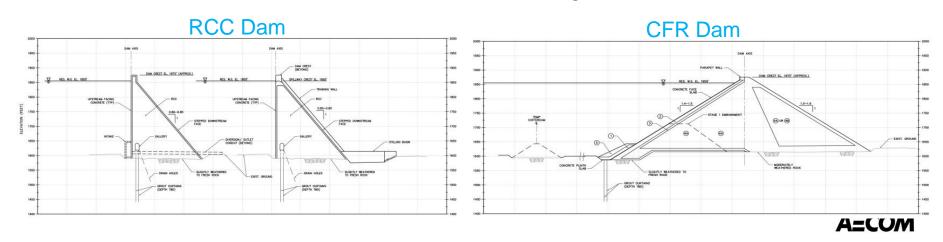


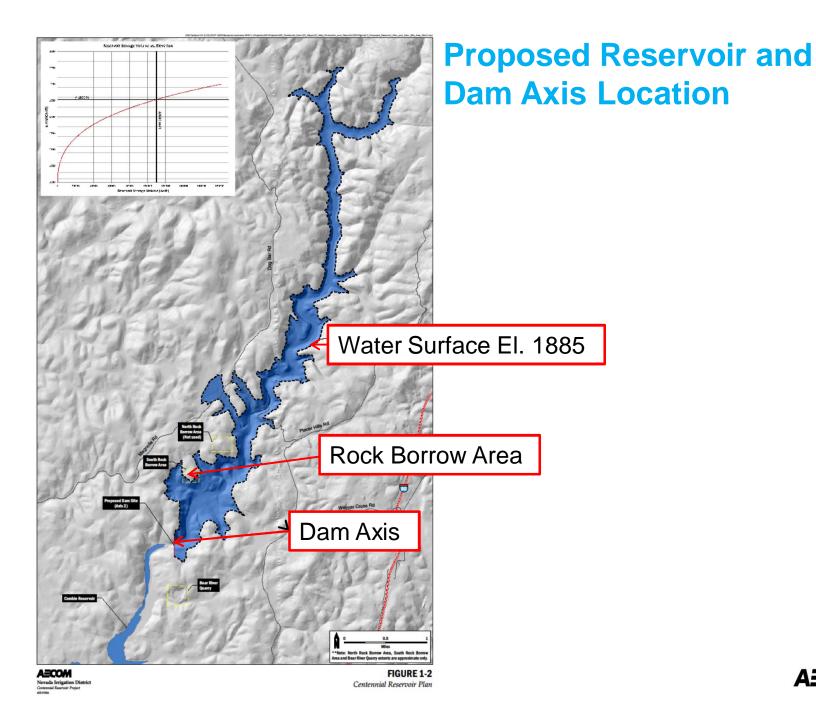
Agenda

- ØAlternative Selection
- ØDam Foundation and Rock Borrow Area Characterization
- ØDam and Appurtenant Works
- ØConstruction Schedule and Cost Estimate

Selection of RCC Dam at Axis 2

- Considered roller compacted concrete (RCC) dam and concrete face rockfill (CFR) dam at Axes 2 & 6
 - RCC dam alternative at Axis 2 has lowest expected construction cost of alternatives.
 - RCC dam could be constructed in less time than a CFR dam.
 - RCC dam more capable of withstanding flood overtopping during construction than CFR dam.
 - Axis 2 would have a 3-foot lower reservoir elevation than for Axis 6 to store 110,000 acre-feet.
 - o Lower reservoir elevation would reduce level of inundation around reservoir
- RCC dam at Axis 2 carried forward to design.





Dam Foundation and Rock Borrow Area

- Summary of site investigation activities
- Geotechnical conditions at Dam Site

Geotechnical conditions at South Rock
Borrow Area





Summary of Field Investigations

- Three phases of investigations:

• Phase I: 2015

Phase II: 2015

• Phase III: 2016

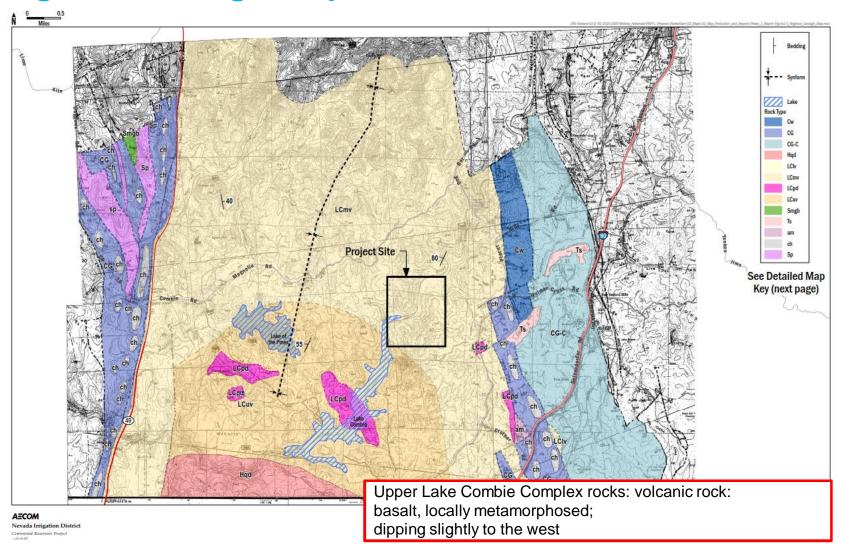
- Geologic mapping
- Seismic refraction surveys
- Core borings
- Hydraulic conductivity testing
- Bore hole geophysical surveys
- Rock strength testing





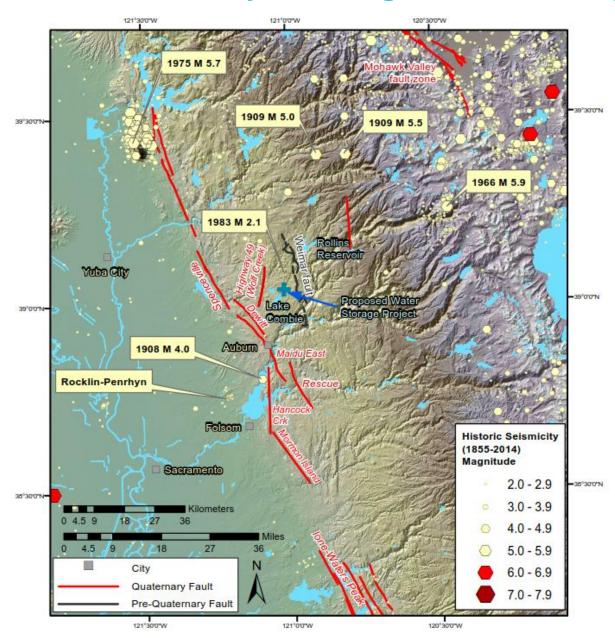


Regional Geologic Map





Historical Seismicity and Regional Fault Map





Geologic Mapping

- Mapping of rock outcrops, alluvium and landslides
- Evaluation of photo lineaments
- Developed plans for seismic line and boring locations
- Confirmed regional geologic mapping



Strike (Degrees Az.)	Dip (Degrees)	Discontinuity Type	No. of Data points
120-130	12 SW	Bedding	25
8-20	80 E	Joint Set 1	37
277-292	85 N	Joint Set 2	29

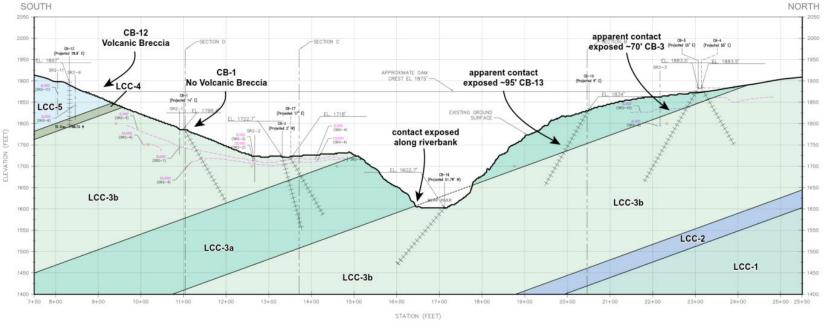


Independent Evaluation of Potential for Active Faulting

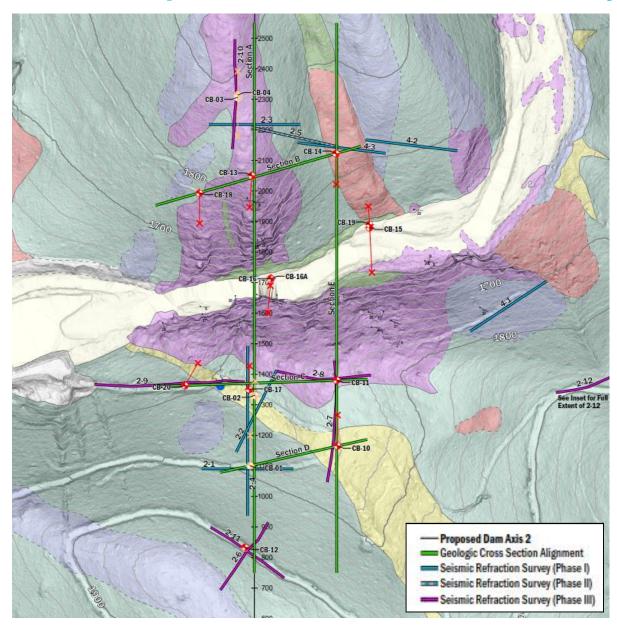


Conclusions

- Lack of positive evidence of active faulting at Axis 2 site.
- Stratigraphy near Axis 2 site appears to be consistent across the river.
 - Absence of vertical separation of contacts supports conclusion that faulting is not present.

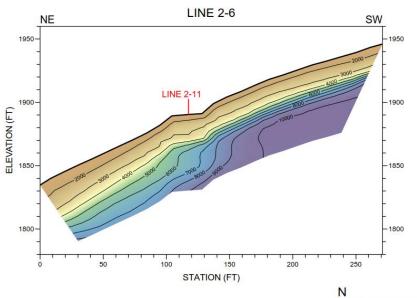


Site Exploration Map – Seismic Refraction Surveys

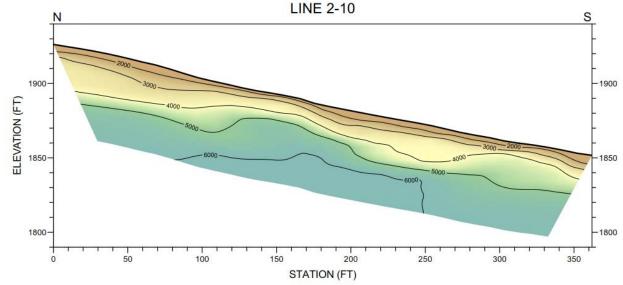




Surface Geophysical Surveys



- 15 seismic refraction survey lines at Axis 2 site
- Close confirmation with bore hole data



Geotechnical Drilling Investigation – Axis 2

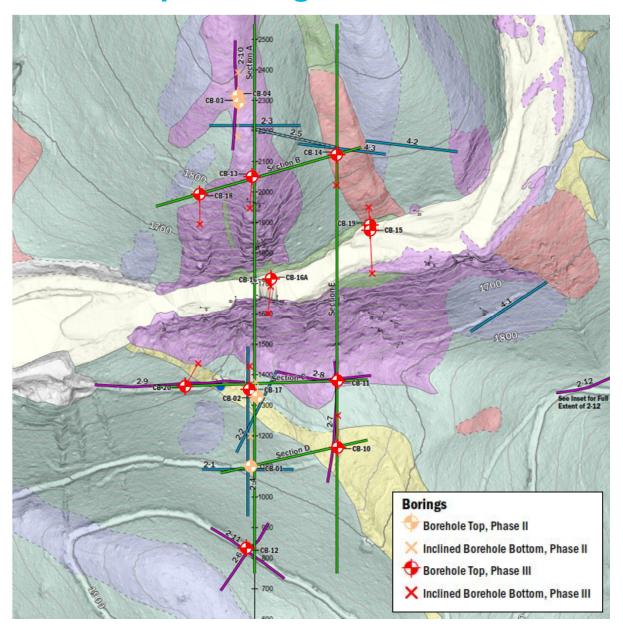
- 16 core borings
 - o 2 vertical
 - o 14 inclined
 - o Up to 254 feet deep
 - o Total drilling 2715 feet
- Water pressure (packer) testing
- Televiewer and caliper logging
- Downhole seismic velocities
- Rock strength testing



Boring CB-15 on Bear River

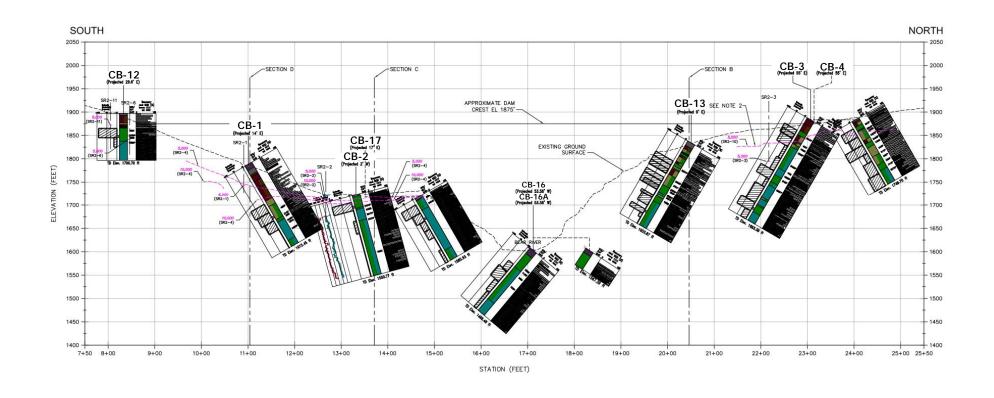


Site Exploration Map - Borings



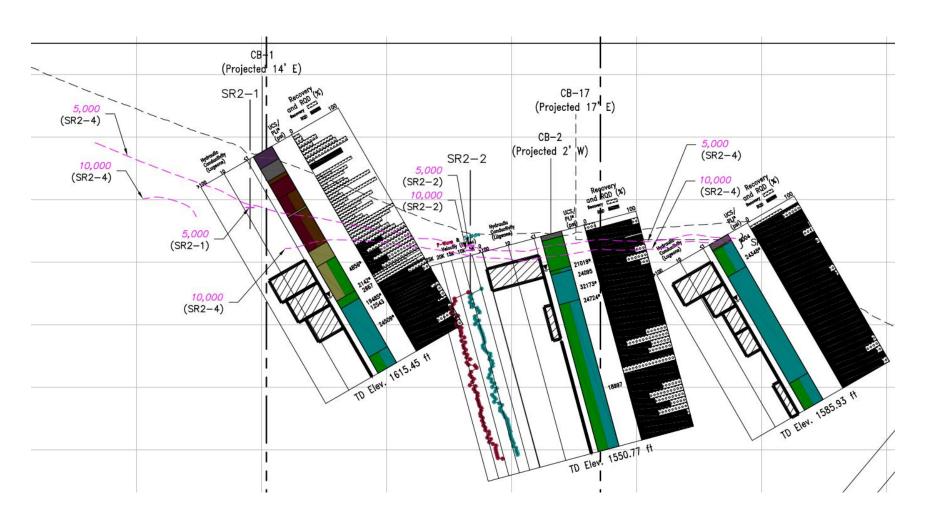


Geotechnical Profile - Axis 2





Detail of Exploratory Boring "Stick Logs"





Core Boring Sample: south (left) abutment

CB-1, 120.0 – 133.9 ft.



CB-1, 133.9 – 147.5 ft.



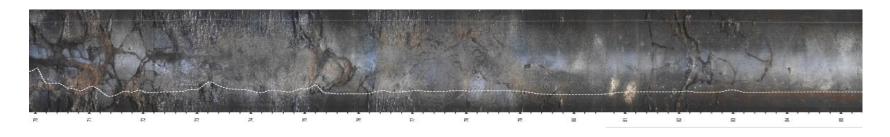
Ø Weathering and fracturing decrease with depth

Rock Core and Televiewer Log: north (right) abutment

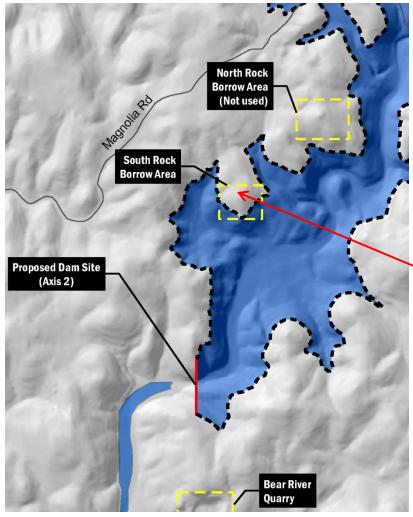
Rock Core: CB-13, 69.5 – 85.4 ft.



Optical Televiewer Log: CB-13, 69.5 - 85.4 ft.



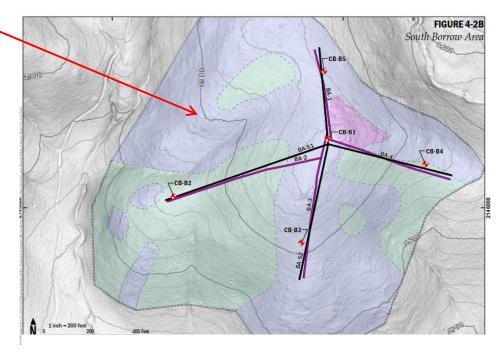
Potential Rock Borrow Area Investigation



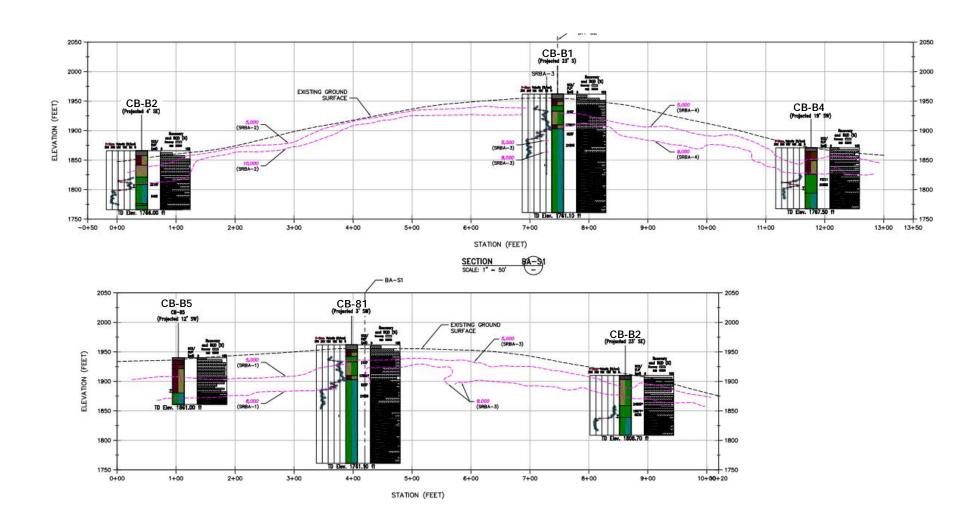
- Geologic mapping
- Seismic refraction surveys
- 5 core borings totaling 585 feet
- Downhole seismic velocities
- 2 piezometers
- Rock strength testing
- Durability testing

Findings

- Hard basaltic rock
- Favorable topographic conditions
- Close to the dam site area



Geotechnical Sections South Borrow Area





Geotechnical Investigation Findings – Foundation Conditions

- Depth to weathered rock generally less than 20 ft.
- Weathered rock found to depths of 100 130 ft. at some locations
- All borings encountered less fractured rock with depth
- Evaluation of significant joint sets and shears indicates a lack of persistence between adjacent bore holes
- Hydraulic conductivities mostly decrease with depth and with decreasing fracture intensity

Geotechnical Investigation - Conclusions

- Confirmed no fatal flaws at Dam Axis 2 site
- Hard volcanic and metavolcanic rock is suitable dam foundation
- Evidence for lack of active faulting along mapped lineaments at site
- Potential rock borrow area present on north side of reservoir, upstream of dam
- Further investigations needed to develop final design

CENTENNIAL RESERVOIR PROJECT Nevada Irrigation District

1036 W. Main Street Grass Valley, CA 95945

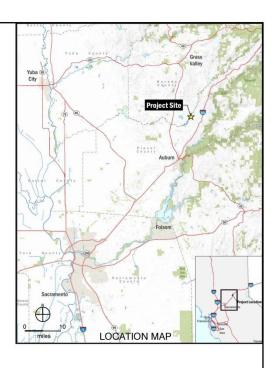
MAY 2017

EXHIBITS

DRAFT NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

AECOM

300 Lakeside Dr., Suite 400 Oakland, CA 94612



List of Exhibits

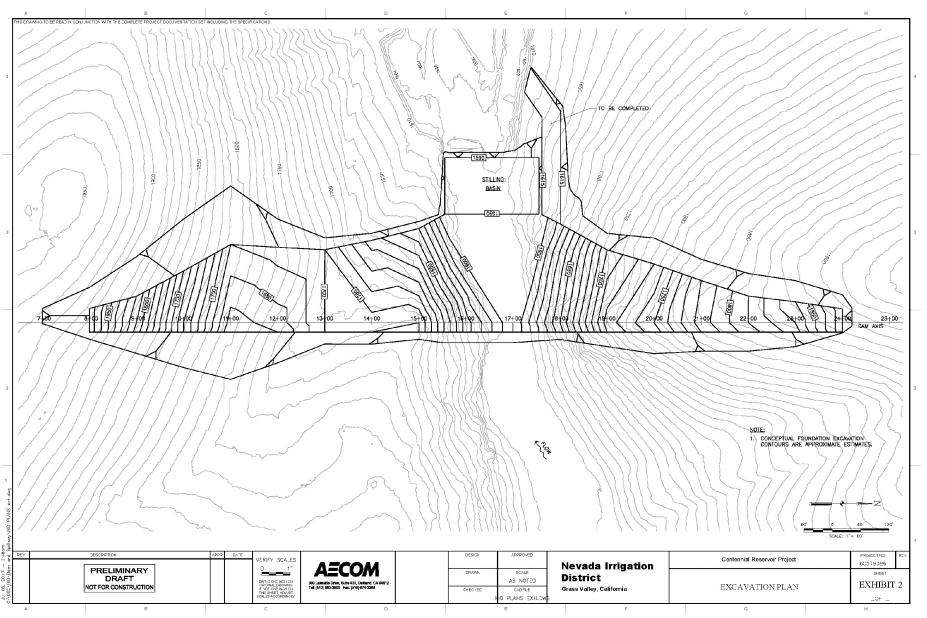
Exhibit No.

- COVER SHEET EXCAVATION PLAN
- PLAN OF DAM
- FOUNDATION PROFILE
- DAM PROFILE
- MAXIMUM SPILLWAY SECTION AND CREST DETAIL
- NON-OVERFLOW SECTIONS DAM SECTIONS - 1
- DAM SECTIONS 2
- OUTLET WORKS PLAN AND PROFILE MAIN DETAILS
- SPILLWAY BRIDGE PLAN AND ELEVATION
- SPILLWAY BRIDGE SECTIONS INSTRUMENTATION PLAN AND TYPICAL SECTION
- DIVERSION CONCEPT
- CONSTRUCTION SITE LAYOUT CONCEPT PLAN 1
- 16 CONSTRUCTION SITE LAYOUT CONCEPT PLAN 2

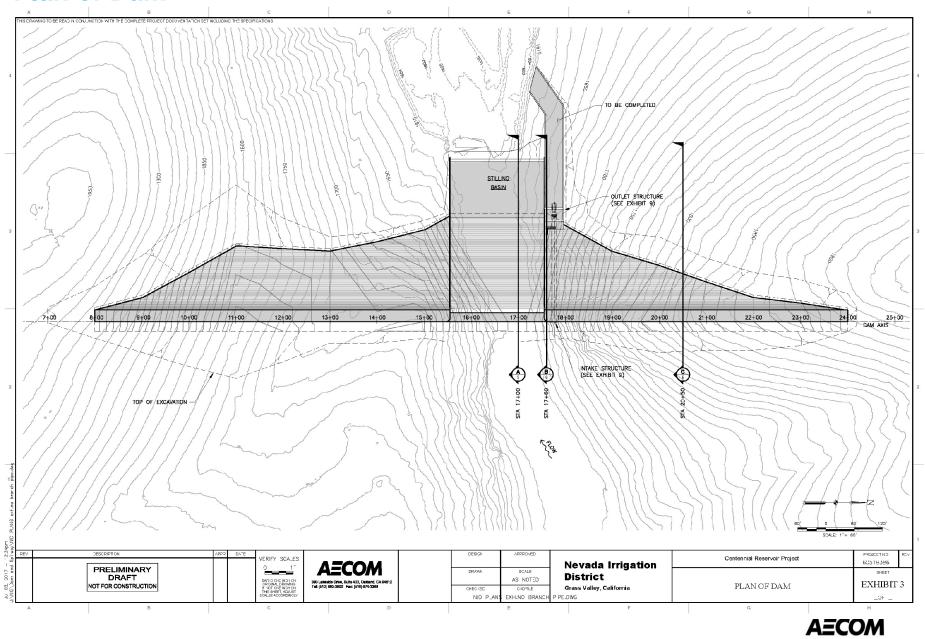
EXHIBIT 1



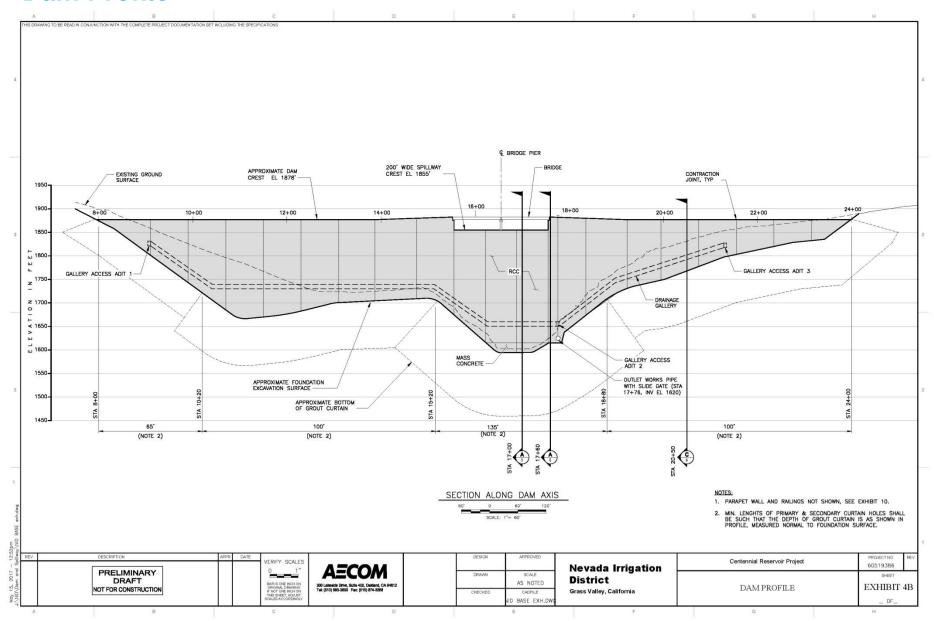
Excavation Plan



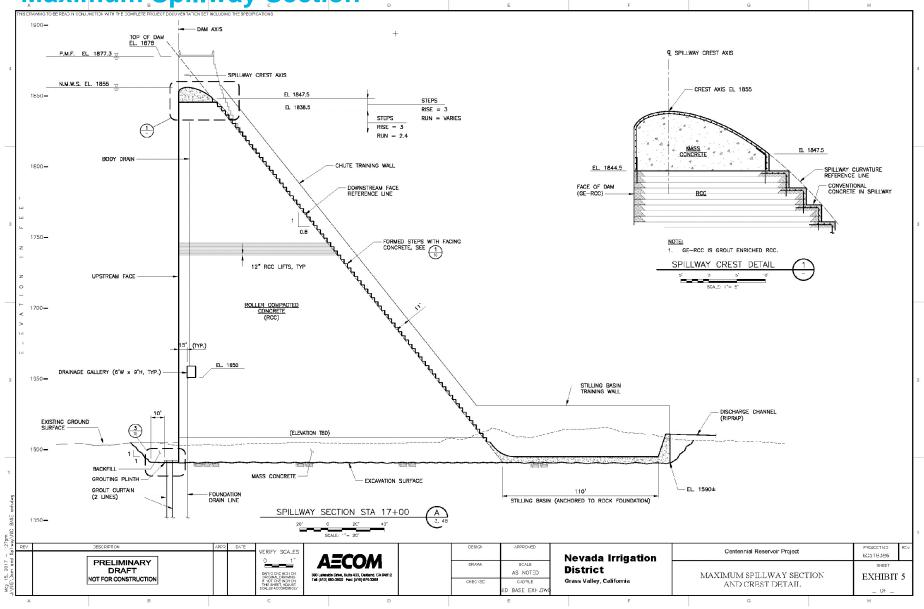
Plan of Dam



Dam Profile

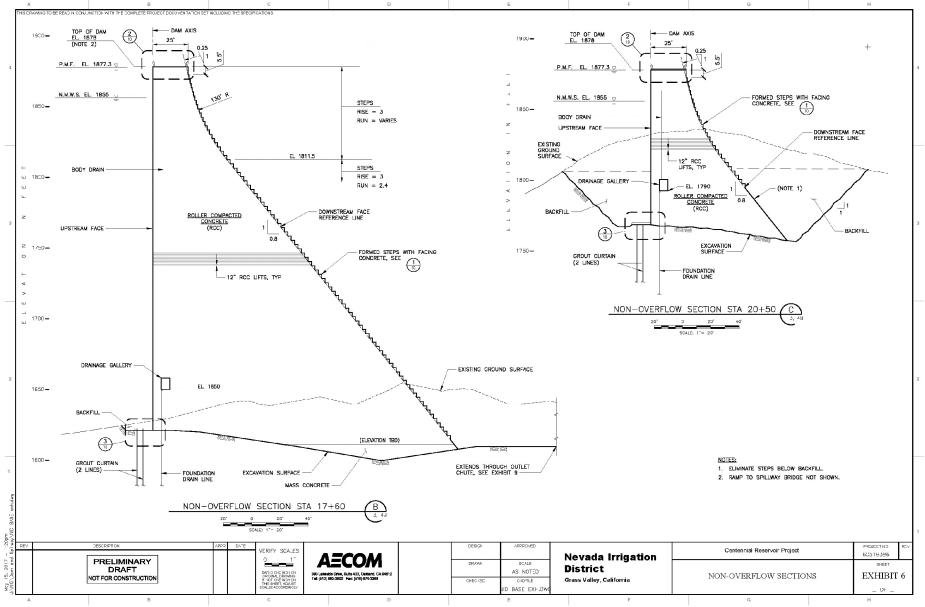


Maximum Spillway Section



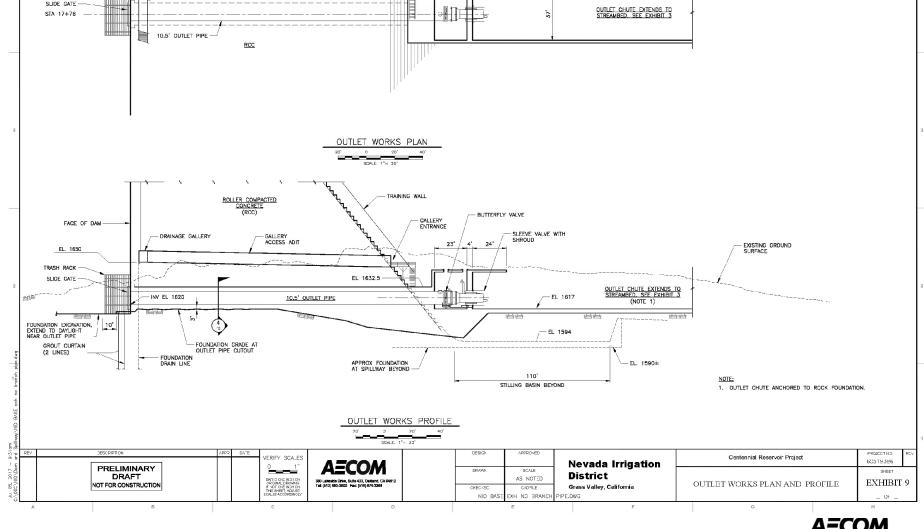
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Non-Overflow Sections



AECOM

Outlet Works DOWNSTREAM STEPS DRAINAGE GALLERY RCC ADIT ACCESS PLATFORM - GALLERY ACCESS ADIT TRASH RACK SLIDE GATE OUTLET CHUTE EXTENDS TO STREAMBED, SEE EXHIBIT 3 10.5' OUTLET PIPE -RCC OUTLET WORKS PLAN TRAINING WALL BUTTERFLY VALVE FACE OF DAM SLEEVE VALVE WITH SHROUD - DRAINAGE GALLERY GALLERY ACCESS ADIT 23' EXISTING GROUND SURFACE EL. 1650 TRASH RACK SLIDE GATE





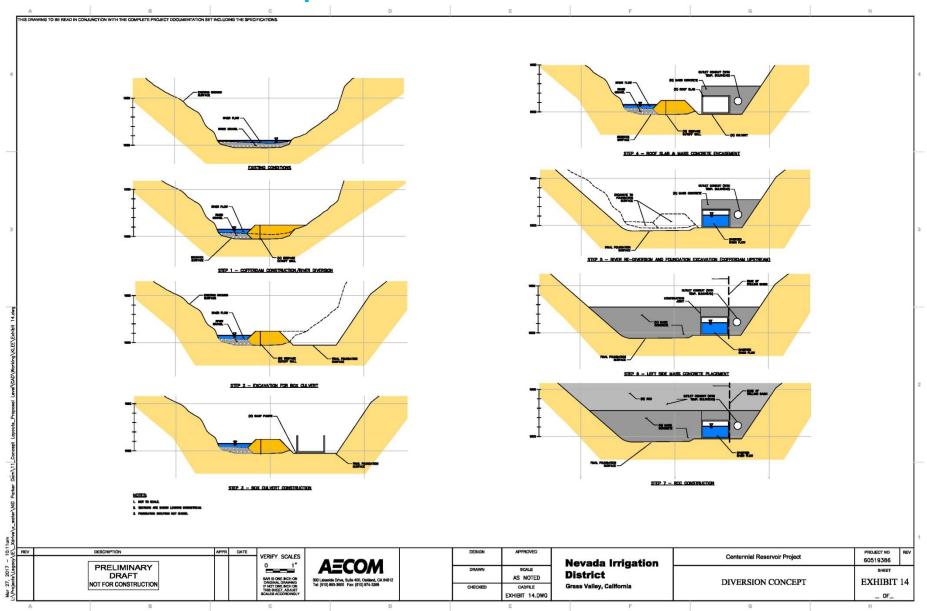
Spillway Bridge & PIER SPILLWAY TRAINING WALL, TYP 3% RAMP FACE OF DAM 184' TRANSITION RAMP 105' SPAN 184' TRANSITION RAMP 105' SPAN © PIER 184' TRANSITION RAMP 105' SPAN 105' SPAN 184' TRANSITION RAMP BRIDGE PIER SPILLWAY CREST EL. 1855 EL. 1878 -BRIDGE DECK -Centennial Reservoir Project 60519386 **AECOM Nevada Irrigation** PRELIMINARY SCALE District DRAFT NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION AS NOTED 300 Lakeside Drive, Suite 400, Oaldend, CA 94612 Tel: (510) 893-3800 Fac: (510) 874-3268 SPILLWAY BRIDGE EXHIBIT 11 CADFILE Grass Valley, California PLAN AND ELEVATION D BASE EXH.DW

AECOM

Instrumentation Plan STILLING BASIN TOP OF EXCAVATION 7+00 INSTRUMENTATION PLAN SEEPAGE V-NOTCH WEIRS TO BE LOCATED IN GALLERY GUTTERS. 2. PIEZOMETERS INSTALLED IN DRILLED HOLES. LEGEND INSTRUMENTATION SECTION No. SURVEY CONTROL MONUMENT (4 TOTAL, 2 SHOWN) DRAINAGE GALLERY, SEE NOTE 1 SURVEY MONUMENT - INSTRUMENTATION TERMINAL VIBRATING WIRE PIEZOMETER (2 AT EACH LOCATION) PIEZOMETER CABLE ACCELEROGRAPH Π−1 INSTRUMENTATION TERMINAL GROUT CURTAIN P-X-1 ₱ P-X-3 P−x−4 (2 LINES) -FOUNDATION DRAIN LINE -TYPICAL INSTRUMENTATION SECTION Centennial Reservoir Project VERIFY SCALES 60519386 **Nevada Irrigation AECOM** PRELIMINARY DRAFT NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION SCALE District AS NOTED INSTRUMENTATION PLAN AND EXHIBIT 13 Grass Valley, California CADFILE TYPICAL SECTION EXH.NO BRANC PIPE.DWG

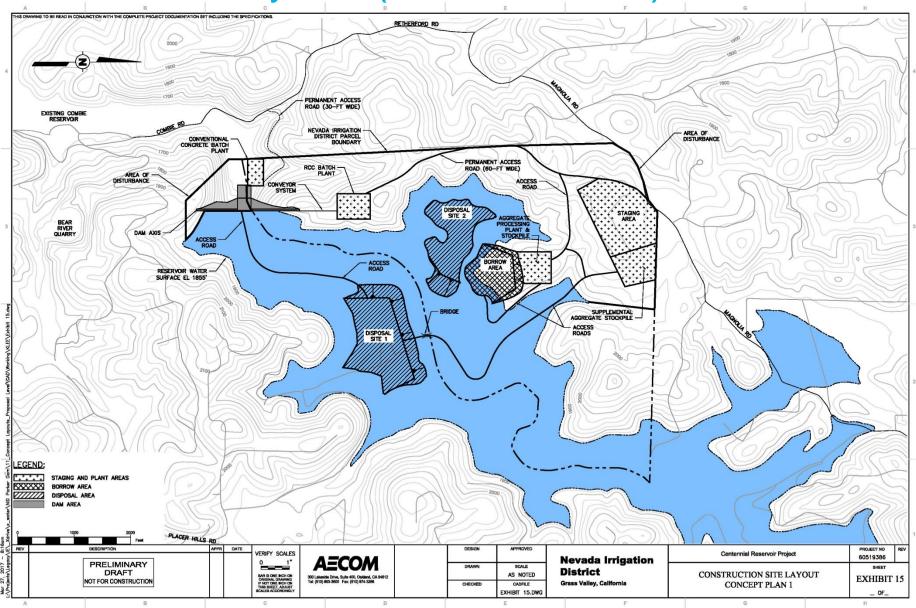


River Diversion Concept



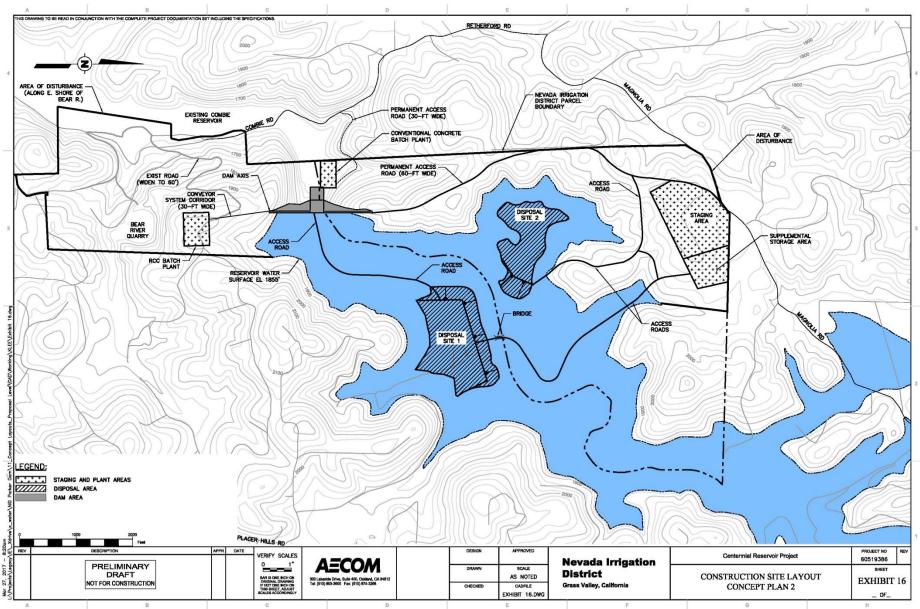


Construction Site Layout – 1 (On-site Rock Borrow)





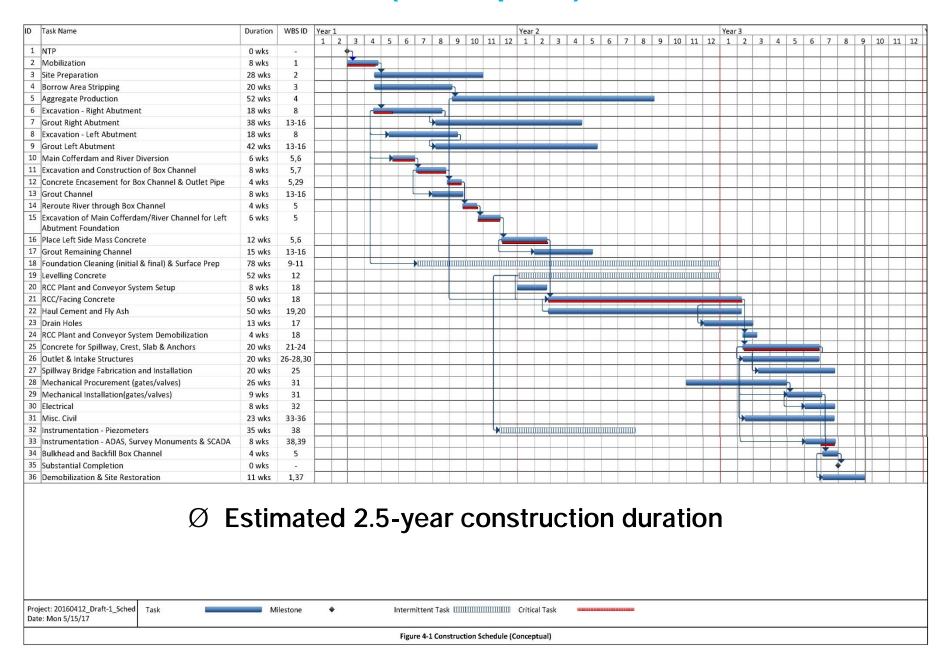
Construction Site Layout – 2 (Bear River Quarry Borrow)



Basis of Construction Schedule

- Work performed up to 6 days per week, 2 shifts per day
- No overly restrictive constraints on trucking materials to the site
- Dam foundation excavation: 15,000 cubic yards per week
- Foundation grouting (drilling and grouting): 600 linear feet per week for each drill rig and grout plant.
- RCC construction: 16,000 cubic yards per week

Construction Schedule (Conceptual)



Opinion of Probable Construction Cost (2017 dollars)

WBS Category	Description	Category Total	Category % of Total
А	Mobilization and Demobilization	\$18,737,000	7.3%
В	Site Development	\$21,497,000	8.4%
С	River Diversion	\$2,600,000	1.0%
D	Dam Foundation	\$41,862,000	16.3%
E	RCC, Facing Concrete and Gallery	\$136,325,000	53.3%
F	Spillway and Dam Crest	\$12,766,000	5.0%
G	Spillway Bridge	\$2,340,000	0.9%
Н	Outlet and Intake Structures and Pipe	\$14,759,000	5.8%
	Miscellaneous Civil	\$3,224,000	1.3%
J	Instrumentation and SCADA	\$1,950,000	0.8%
	Total OPCC	\$256,059,000	100.0%
	Estimated Range - Low (-15%)	\$217,685,000	
	Estimated Range - High (+20%)	\$307,320,000	



Thank You

